

# **Quimbaya Gold Inc.**

## **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024**

To the Shareholders of Quimbaya Gold Inc.:

## Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Quimbaya Gold Inc. (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, and the consolidated statements of loss and other comprehensive loss, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Company has negative cashflows from operations and a net loss during the year ended December 31, 2025 and, as of that date, the Company has an accumulated deficit. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

## Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Except for the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.

## Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Company as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for the purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Sergey Fesenko.

Calgary, Alberta

April 28, 2026

*MNP* LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

**QUIMBAYA GOLD INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)  
**AS AT DECEMBER 31,**

|   | 2025                 | 2024                |
|---|----------------------|---------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                     |                      |                     |
| <b>Current</b>                                    |                      |                     |
| Cash  | \$ 12,443,437        | \$ 47,354           |
| Accounts receivable                               | 83,982               | 31,390              |
| Prepaid expenses                                  | <u>571,135</u>       | <u>199,769</u>      |
| <b>Total current assets</b>                       | 13,098,554           | 278,513             |
| Property and equipment (Note 4)                   | 239,942              | -                   |
| Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 5)        | <u>5,390,724</u>     | <u>5,136,771</u>    |
| <b>Total assets</b>                               | <u>\$ 18,729,220</u> | <u>\$ 5,415,284</u> |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>       |                      |                     |
| <b>Current</b>                                    |                      |                     |
| Accounts payable                                  | \$ 544,017           | \$ 416,898          |
| Loans payable (Note 6)                            | -                    | 14,889              |
| Property purchase obligation (Note 5)             | -                    | 309,364             |
| Convertible loans payable (Note 7)                | <u>-</u>             | <u>124,565</u>      |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>                          | <u>544,017</u>       | <u>865,716</u>      |
| <b>Shareholders' equity</b>                       |                      |                     |
| Share capital (Note 8)                            | 28,416,214           | 9,642,385           |
| Obligation to issue shares                        | 369,500              | 248,000             |
| Reserves (Note 9)                                 | 5,682,393            | 714,412             |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss              | (110,166)            | (60,592)            |
| Deficit   | <u>(16,172,738)</u>  | <u>(5,994,637)</u>  |
| <b>Total shareholders' equity</b>                 | <u>18,185,203</u>    | <u>4,549,568</u>    |
| <b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b> | <u>\$ 18,729,220</u> | <u>\$ 5,415,284</u> |

**Nature and Going Concern** (Note 1)

**Subsequent Events** (Note 15)

Approved and authorized by the Board of Directors on April 28, 2026.

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*"Alexandre P. Boivin"* Director      \_\_\_\_\_  
*"Pietro JL Solari"* Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**QUIMBAYA GOLD INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF NET LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,**

|   | 2025                   | 2024                  |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>EXPENSES</b>   |                        |                       |
| Consulting fees (Note 10)   | \$ 1,118,105           | \$ 502,099            |
| Depreciation (Note 4)   | 21,214                 | -                     |
| Exploration expenditures (Note 5)   | 4,191,103              | 796,683               |
| Filing fees and transfer agent  | 74,028                 | 43,975                |
| Finance expense (Note 12)   | 24,236                 | 63,869                |
| Foreign exchange  | (733)                  | 14,950                |
| Investor relations and shareholder communications                               | 1,059,999              | 358,716               |
| Marketing   | 65,178                 | 162,988               |
| Office and administration   | 48,586                 | 74,176                |
| Professional fees   | 206,909                | 199,646               |
| Share-based payments (Note 9)   | 2,958,122              | 477,342               |
| Travel  | <u>271,273</u>         | <u>242,845</u>        |
|   | (10,038,020)           | (2,937,289)           |
| Conversion of convertible debenture (Note 7)                                    | -                      | (55,256)              |
| Recovery on asset impairment  | -                      | 9,103                 |
| Other loss (Note 12)  | (187,988)              | -                     |
| Interest income   | <u>47,907</u>          | <u>488</u>            |
|   | (140,081)              | (45,665)              |
| <b>Net loss</b>   | (10,178,101)           | (2,982,954)           |
| <b>Other comprehensive loss</b>   |                        |                       |
| Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations                        | <u>(49,574)</u>        | <u>(50,373)</u>       |
| <b>Net loss and other comprehensive loss for the year</b>                       | <u>\$ (10,227,675)</u> | <u>\$ (3,033,327)</u> |
| <b>Basic and diluted loss per common share</b>                                  | \$ (0.19)              | \$ (0.10)             |
| <b>Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic and diluted</b> | <u>54,054,685</u>      | <u>29,614,511</u>     |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**QUIMBAYA GOLD INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,**

|   | 2025                 | 2024               |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                   |                      |                    |
| Net loss for the year   | \$ (10,178,101)      | \$ (2,982,954)     |
| Unrealized foreign exchange                                   | (733)                | 14,951             |
| Finance expense   | 23,582               | 49,916             |
| Depreciation  | 21,214               |                    |
| Loss on conversion of convertible debentures                  | -                    | 55,256             |
| Share-based payments (Note 9)                                 | 2,958,122            | 477,342            |
| Shares issued for services (Note 8)                           | -                    | 337,617            |
| Recovery on impaired asset                                    | -                    | (9,103)            |
| Changes in non-cash working capital items:                    |                      |                    |
| Accounts receivable   | (52,262)             | 23,879             |
| Accounts payable  | 147,759              | 360,957            |
| Prepaid expenses  | 913,437              | (47,073)           |
| Net cash used in operating activities                         | <u>(6,166,982)</u>   | <u>(1,719,212)</u> |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                   |                      |                    |
| Payment of loans receivable and accrued interest (Note 6)     | -                    | 109,103            |
| Purchase of property and equipment (Note 4)                   | (249,537)            | -                  |
| Acquisition of mineral concessions (Note 5)                   | (525,976)            | (311,932)          |
| Net cash used in investing activities                         | <u>(775,513)</u>     | <u>(202,829)</u>   |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>                   |                      |                    |
| Shares issued for cash  | 19,998,205           | 1,669,850          |
| Share issuance costs (Note 8)                                 | (1,481,172)          | (22,201)           |
| Stock options exercised (Note 8)                              | 282,500              | -                  |
| Warrants exercised (Note 9)                                   | 730,786              | 14,854             |
| Loan funds received (Notes 8, 9)                              | 190,050              | 479,948            |
| Loan funds repaid (Note 6)                                    | (292,477)            | (159,618)          |
| Net cash provided by financing activities                     | <u>19,427,892</u>    | <u>1,982,833</u>   |
| <b>Effect of foreign exchange on cash</b>                     | (89,314)             | (34,094)           |
| <b>Change in cash for the year</b>                            | 12,396,083           | 26,698             |
| <b>Cash, beginning of year</b>                                | <u>47,354</u>        | <u>20,656</u>      |
| <b>Cash, end of year</b>                                      | <u>\$ 12,443,437</u> | <u>\$ 47,354</u>   |
| <b>Supplemental cash flow information</b>                     |                      |                    |
| Shares issued for settlement of debts                         | \$ -                 | \$ 518,069         |
| Shares issued for mineral property claims                     | -                    | 137,000            |
| Broker warrants issued as share issuance costs                | 503,290              | 10,046             |
| Issuance of shares upon the vesting of restricted share units | 696,050              | -                  |
| Units issued for prepaid services                             | 1,279,480            | -                  |
| Units issued for settlement of accounts payable               | 34,780               | -                  |
| Units issued for settlement of loans payable                  | 60,609               | -                  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**QUIMBAYA GOLD INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

|  | Common Shares |               | Obligation to<br>issue shares | Reserves     | Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Loss | Deficit         | Total         |
|--|---------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---|-----------------|---------------|
|  | Number        | Amounts       |                               |              |   |                 |               |
| <b>Balance, December 31, 2023</b>                      | 27,757,993    | \$ 6,930,009  | \$ 75,000                     | \$ 300,588   | \$ (10,219)                                   | \$ (3,011,683)  | \$ 4,283,695  |
| Shares issued for services (Note 8)                    | 850,524       | 290,829       | -                             | 46,788       | -   | -               | 337,617       |
| Shares issued for mineral properties (Note 8)          | 274,000       | 137,000       | -                             | -            | -   | -               | 137,000       |
| Shares issued for debt settlements                     | 1,449,518     | 654,855       | -                             | 29,883       | -   | -               | 684,738       |
| Shares issued for cash                                 | 4,423,031     | 1,636,534     | -                             | 33,316       | -   | -               | 1,669,850     |
| Share issue costs                                      | -             | (32,247)      | -                             | 10,046       | -   | -               | (22,201)      |
| Warrants exercised (Notes 9)                           | 42,440        | 25,405        | -                             | (10,551)     | -   | -               | 14,854        |
| RSUs expired   | -             | -             | (75,000)                      | 75,000       | -   | -               | -             |
| Vesting of restricted share units                      | -             | -             | 248,000                       | (248,000)    | -   | -               | -             |
| Share-based payments (Note 9)                          | -             | -             | -                             | 477,342      | -   | -               | 477,342       |
| Comprehensive loss for the year                        | -             | -             | -                             | -            | (50,373)                                      | (2,982,954)     | (3,033,327)   |
| <b>Balance, December 31, 2024</b>                      | 34,797,506    | \$ 9,642,385  | \$ 248,000                    | \$ 714,412   | \$ (60,592)                                   | \$ (5,994,637)  | \$ 4,549,568  |
| Units issued for prepaid services (Note 8)             | 4,264,934     | 1,279,480     | -                             | -            | -   | -               | 1,279,480     |
| Shares issued for stock options (Note 9)               | 712,500       | 428,010       | -                             | (145,510)    | -   | -               | 282,500       |
| Units issued for debt settlements (Note 8)             | 303,542       | 95,389        | -                             | -            | -   | -               | 95,389        |
| Units issued for cash (Note 8)                         | 37,307,556    | 17,528,005    | -                             | 2,470,200    | -   | -               | 19,998,205    |
| Share issue costs (Note 8)                             | -             | (1,481,172)   | -                             | -            | -   | -               | (1,481,172)   |
| Broker warrants (Notes 8, 9)                           | -             | (503,290)     | -                             | 503,290      | -   | -               | -             |
| Warrants exercised (Notes 8, 9)                        | 1,809,464     | 731,357       | -                             | (571)        | -   | -               | 730,786       |
| Issuance of shares for restricted share units (Note 9) | 1,961,250     | 696,050       | (248,000)                     | (448,050)    | -   | -               | -             |
| Vesting of restricted share units (Note 9)             | -             | -             | 369,500                       | (369,500)    | -   | -               | -             |
| Share-based payments (Note 9)                          | -             | -             | -                             | 2,958,122    | -   | -               | 2,958,122     |
| Comprehensive loss for the year                        | -             | -             | -                             | -            | (49,574)                                      | (10,178,101)    | (10,227,675)  |
| <b>Balance, December 31, 2025</b>                      | 81,156,752    | \$ 28,416,214 | \$ 369,500                    | \$ 5,682,393 | \$ (110,166)                                  | \$ (16,172,738) | \$ 18,185,203 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**QUIMBAYA GOLD INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024**

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**1. NATURE AND GOING CONCERN**

Quimbaya Gold Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated in Canada under the Canada Business Corporations Act on May 27, 2020 and continued into British Columbia under the Business Corporations Act on May 1, 2025. The Company is principally engaged in the acquisition and exploration and development of mineral properties in Colombia. The Company maintains its registered office at Suite 501 – 3292 Production Way, Burnaby, British Columbia, V5A 4R4. The Company is listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the symbol “QIM” and OTCQB under the symbol “QIMGF”.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) on a going concern basis, which contemplates that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As at December 31, 2025, the Company had working capital of \$12,554,537, including prepaids of \$571,135 and accumulated deficit of \$16,172,738. The Company reported a net loss of \$10,178,101 and negative cashflows from operations of \$6,166,982 for the year ended December 31, 2025. The Company’s ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to raise funds primarily through the issuance of shares or achieve profitable operations. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time. If the Company is unable to obtain additional financing, management may be required to curtail certain expenses. An inability to raise additional financing may impact the future assessment of the Company as a going concern. These events and conditions indicate a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

**World Events**

Worldwide conflicts and the recent political tensions between the United States and many countries have contributed to significant volatility in financial and commodity markets. These ongoing events have impacted global commercial activity, including causing significant fluctuations in worldwide demand and prices for certain commodities. The duration and impact of the conflicts and political tensions and magnitude of the impact on the economy and financial effect on the Company is not known at this time.

**2. BASIS OF PREPARATION**

**Statement of compliance**

These consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards (“IFRS”), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). These financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance on April 28, 2026 by the Board of Directors.

**Basis of consolidation and presentation**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

**QUIMBAYA GOLD INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)  
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**2. BASIS OF PREPARATION** (*cont'd...*)

**Basis of consolidation and presentation** (*cont'd...*)

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, and its subsidiaries as follows:

| <b>Company</b>   | <b>Place of Incorporation</b> | <b>Effective Interest</b> | <b>Principal Activity</b>     | <b>Functional currency</b> |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Golden Pacifico Exploration S.A.S.<br>("Golden Pacifico")              | Colombia                      | 100%                      | Mining exploration            | Colombian peso             |
| Explogold Ingenieria y Consultoria S.A.S.<br>("Explogold")             | Colombia                      | 100%                      | Mining exploration            | Colombian peso             |
| Minera Buey Aures S.A.S. ("Minera Buey")                               | Colombia                      | 100%                      | Mining exploration            | Colombian peso             |
| Soluciones Ambientales Del Nordeste S.A.S.<br>("Nordeste")             | Colombia                      | 100%                      | Mining exploration            | Colombian peso             |
| Quimbaya Gold Colombia S.A.S.  | Colombia                      | 100%                      | Mining exploration            | Colombian peso             |
| Quimbaya Gold SA   | Panama                        | 100%                      | Mining exploration management | Canadian dollar            |
| Tahamies Recursos Naturales S.A.S<br>(formerly Minera Tahamies S.A.S.) | Colombia                      | 100%                      | Mining exploration            | Colombian peso             |
| Inversiones Tahamies S.A.S.  | Colombia                      | 100%                      | Mining exploration            | Colombian peso             |

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Company has exposure to variable returns from its involvement and has the ability to use power over the investee to affect its returns. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Company controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Company until the date on which control ceases. The accounts of the subsidiary are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies. Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions are eliminated upon consolidation.

**Use of judgments and estimates**

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Management uses historical experience and various other factors it believes to be reasonable under the given circumstances, as the basis for its estimates and assumptions. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively from the period in which the estimates are revised. Actual outcomes may differ from those estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

Deferred taxes

The calculations for current and deferred taxes require management's interpretation of tax regulations and legislation in the various tax jurisdictions in which the Company operates, which are subject to change. The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities requires estimates of the timing of the reversal of temporary differences identified and management's assessment of the Company's ability to utilize the underlying future tax deductions against future taxable income before they expire, which involves estimating future taxable income.

The Company is subject to assessments by various taxation authorities in the tax jurisdictions in which it operates, and these taxation authorities may interpret the tax legislation and regulations differently. In addition, the calculation of income taxes involves many complex factors. As such, income taxes are subject to measurement uncertainty and actual amounts of taxes may vary from the estimates made by management.

**QUIMBAYA GOLD INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024**

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**2. BASIS OF PREPARATION** (*cont'd...*)

**Use of judgments and estimates** (*cont'd...*)

Share-based payments

The Company has applied estimates with respect to the valuation of shares issued for non-cash consideration. Shares are valued at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the date the Company receives the goods or services for share-based payments made to those other than employees or others providing similar services.

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted for share-based payments made to employees or others providing similar services. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the fair value of the underlying common shares, the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them.

The key areas of judgment applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are as follows:

- Provisions

Management's determination of no material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental exposure is based on the facts and circumstances that existed during the year.

- Functional currency

The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiary is the currency of their respective primary economic environment. Judgement is necessary in evaluating each entity's functional currency.

- Going concern

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to raise sufficient funds to pay its ongoing operation expenditures and to meet its liabilities for the ensuing year, involves significant judgment based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances (Note 1).

- Mineral Properties

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits are likely to arise from future exploitation or sale or where activities have not reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of reserves. The deferral policy requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions about future events or circumstances, in particular whether an economically viable extraction operation can be established. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after the expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in profit or loss in the period when the new information becomes available.

Exploration and evaluation assets are reviewed for changes in facts and circumstances suggesting the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount at each consolidated statement of financial position date. This determination requires significant judgment. Factors which could trigger an impairment review include, but are not limited to, significant negative industry or economic trends and interruptions in exploration activities. The Company's review considers the following:

**QUIMBAYA GOLD INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024**

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**2. BASIS OF PREPARATION** *(cont'd...)*

**Use of judgments and estimates** *(cont'd...)*

- Mineral Properties *(cont'd...)*
  - The period for which the Company has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
  - Substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;
  - Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources, and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; and
  - Sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

- Deferred tax

The value of deferred tax assets is evaluated based on the probability of realization; the Company has assessed that it is improbable that such assets will be realized and has accordingly not recognized a value for deferred taxes.

- Exploration and evaluation assets

Title to mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain mineral titles as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many mineral properties.

**3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION**

**Fixed assets**

Fixed assets are recorded at cost. Depreciation of depreciable fixed assets is provided on a straight-line basis as follows:

Computer equipment – 2 years  
Office equipment - 4 years  
Vehicles - 3 years

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**3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION** (*cont'd...*)

**Currency translation**

IFRS requires that the functional currency of each entity in the consolidated group be determined separately in accordance with the indicators as per International Accounting Standards (“IAS”) 21 *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates* and should be measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the “functional currency”). The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar with the functional currency of its subsidiaries detailed in Note 2. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company’s presentation currency.

Under IFRS, the results and financial position of all the Company’s entities (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the date of the transaction); and,
- all resulting exchange differences are recognized as a separate component of equity.

**Exploration and evaluation**

All costs related to the acquisition of mineral properties, including option payments, are capitalized on an individual prospect basis. Amounts received for the sale of mineral properties and for option payments are treated as reductions of the cost of the property, with payments in excess of capitalized costs recognized in profit or loss. The recoverability of the amounts capitalized for the undeveloped mineral properties is dependent upon the determination of economically recoverable ore reserves, confirmation of the Company’s interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability to obtain the necessary financing to complete their development, and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

Subsequent recovery of the resulting carrying value depends on successful development or sale of the mineral property. If a mineral property does not prove viable, all unrecoverable costs associated with the project net of any impairment provisions are written off.

Exploration and evaluation expenditures are recognized in profit or loss. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained legal rights to explore on areas of interest are recognized in profit or loss. Expenditures incurred by the Company in connection with the exploration and evaluation of mineral resources after the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource are demonstrable are capitalized.

Title to mineral properties involves inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently unreliable conveyance history characteristics of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated title to all of its mineral properties and proposed acquisition of mineral property interests and to the best of its knowledge the properties are in good standing.

From time to time, the Company may acquire or dispose of properties pursuant to the terms of option agreements. Due to the fact that options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded. Option payments are recorded as mineral property costs or recoveries when the payments are made or received.

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**3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION** (*cont'd...*)

**Impairment**

Management reviews all assets for indicators of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value. If the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss for that period.

**Financial instruments**

Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: fair value through profit or loss, amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition.

*Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in profit or loss. Transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated statements of loss.

*Amortized cost*

Financial assets are classified at amortized cost if both of the following criteria are met and the financial assets are not classified or designated as fair value through profit and loss: 1) the Company's objective for these financial assets is to collect their contractual cash flows and 2) the asset's contractual cash flows represent 'solely payments of principal and interest'. The Company's cash, accounts receivable and loan receivable are recorded at amortized cost as they meet the required criteria.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are non-derivatives and are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the amounts originally received, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period to maturity using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current based on their maturity date. Financial liabilities include accounts payable and loans payable.

Fair value hierarchy

Fair value measurements of financial instruments are required to be classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs in making the measurements. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

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**3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION** (*cont'd...*)

**Warrants classified as equity**

The Company may issue units as part of equity financing transactions, with each unit consisting of a common share and an attached warrant. The components of the unit are accounted for separately based on their respective classifications under IFRS.

Where both the common shares and the warrants meet the definition of equity instruments under IAS 32, the total proceeds received from the unit issuance are allocated between the share and warrant components using the residual allocation method. Under this method, the common shares are measured first at their fair value, determined with reference to the observable market price of the Company's common shares at the issuance date, net of any directly attributable share issuance costs. The residual amount of the total proceeds is then allocated to the warrant component and recorded within equity.

The Company applies the residual allocation method in circumstances where the fair value of the common shares is more readily determinable than the fair value of the warrant component. Warrants classified as equity are initially measured at the amount allocated on issuance and are not re-measured subsequently.

The Company may modify the terms of warrants originally granted. When modifications exist, the Company will maintain the original fair value of the warrant.

**Loss per share**

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding in the period. Diluted loss per share is calculated by using the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the calculation of diluted loss per share assumes that the proceeds to be received on the exercise of dilutive share options and warrants are used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period. In the Company's case, diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share, as the effects of including all outstanding options and warrants would be anti-dilutive.

**Share-based payment transactions**

The grant-date fair value of share-based payment awards granted to employees is recognized as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the service period of the award. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market performance conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognized as an expense is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date. For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant-date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

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**3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION** (*cont'd...*)

**Taxes**

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at year end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is recorded using the liability method, providing for temporary differences, between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Temporary differences are not provided for goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable loss, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the date of the statement of financial position.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. To the extent that the Company does not consider it probable that a deferred tax asset will be recovered, it does not recognize the asset.

**New accounting standards and amendments not yet adopted**

*Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements*

IFRS 18 *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements* was issued in April 2024 by the International Accounting Standards Board and replaces IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*. The Standard introduces a defined structure to the statements of comprehensive income and specific disclosure requirements related to the same. The Standard is required to be adopted retrospectively and is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2027, with early adoption permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact that this standard will have on the consolidated financial statements.

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**4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

|                                     | Computers<br>equipment | Office<br>equipment | Vehicles     | Total         |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                         |                        |                     |              |               |
| Balance, December 31, 2023 and 2024 | \$ -                   | \$ -                | \$ -         | \$ -          |
| Additions                           | 33,866                 | 47,596              | 168,075      | 249,537       |
| Foreign exchange                    | <u>1,723</u>           | <u>2,422</u>        | <u>8,553</u> | <u>12,699</u> |
| Balance, December 31, 2025          | \$ 35,590              | \$ 50,018           | \$ 176,628   | \$ 262,236    |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>     |                        |                     |              |               |
| Balance, December 31, 2023 and 2024 | \$ -                   | \$ -                | \$ -         | \$ -          |
| Additions                           | 4,233                  | 2,975               | 14,006       | 21,214        |
| Foreign exchange                    | <u>215</u>             | <u>151</u>          | <u>713</u>   | <u>1,080</u>  |
| Balance, December 31, 2025          | \$ 4,449               | \$ 3,126            | \$ 14,719    | \$ 22,294     |
| <b>Net Book Value</b>               |                        |                     |              |               |
| December 31, 2023 and 2024          | \$ -                   | \$ -                | \$ -         | \$ -          |
| December 31, 2025                   | \$ 31,141              | \$ 46,892           | \$ 161,909   | \$ 239,942    |

**5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS**

**Berrio Project, Colombia**

On November 10, 2020, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement (“APA”) with Pacifico Holdings S.A.S. (“Pacifico Holdings”) and shares purchase agreement (“SPA”) with West Rock Resources Panama Corp. (“West Rock”). Pursuant to the agreements, on December 10, 2020, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding common shares of GPE SAS which holds the Concession Mining Contact No. 6822 in the Antioquia region of Colombia (the “Berrio Project”). The Company paid total cash consideration of \$185,579 to Pacifico Holdings and West Rock for GPE SAS and certain related historic drill core with respect to the Berrio Project. Both agreements are with unrelated parties. The Company acquired by application three additional claims in the Antioquia region of Colombia.

**Tahami and Maitamac Projects, Colombia**

On December 21, 2023, the Company acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of Explogold, Minera Buey and Nordeste (collectively, the “Companies”) by way of share purchase agreements from Remandes Corporation S.A. (“Remandes”) (the “Transaction”).

Pursuant to the Transaction, the Company acquired the Tahami and Maitamac Projects in Colombia held by the Companies:

- The Tahami Project consists of two titles covering approximately 622 hectares and is located 158 kilometers northeast of Medellin in the Segovia-Remedios mining district of Antioquia. A portion of the purchase price will be held back pending the successful transfer of certain mining applications covering a total aggregate area of approximately 2,494.4 hectares.
- The Maitamac Project consists of 6 mining applications covering approximately 26,102 Ha and is located 45 km southwest of Medellín in the Abejorral and Sonson municipalities.

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**5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS** *(cont'd...)*

**Tahami and Maitamac Projects, Colombia** *(cont'd...)*

In the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company entered into two agreements to acquire additional claims in the Tahami Project:

The Company acquired one concession with the acquisition of Inversiones Tahamies S.A.S. for total consideration of US\$205,000 of which the Company has paid US\$125,000 and paid the balance of US\$80,000 in the year ended December 31, 2025.

The Company acquired four concessions with the acquisition of Tahamies Recursos Naturales S.A.S. for total consideration of US\$400,000 of which the Company has paid US\$100,000 and issued 274,000 common shares valued at US\$100,000. The Company was due to pay US\$100,000 on or before the six month anniversary (November 8, 2024) and the balance of US\$100,000 on or before the first anniversary of the purchase agreement (May 10, 2025). In the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company renegotiated the payments to reduce the acquisition cost and made a one-time payment of US\$135,000. As at December 31, 2025, the Company had no outstanding property purchase obligations.

In the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company acquired two concessions contiguous to the Tahami project for total consideration of \$127,345 and claimed six new contiguous mineral concessions totaling 7,637 hectares.

**Exploration and evaluation assets**

The Company's exploration and evaluation assets are summarized as follows:

|                              | Berrio Project | Tahami Project | Maitamac Project | Total        |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|
| Balance, December 31, 2023   | \$ 185,579     | \$ 3,834,628   | \$ 382,703       | \$ 4,402,910 |
| Acquired                     | -              | 748,583        | -                | 748,583      |
| Foreign exchange translation | -              | (14,722)       | -                | (14,722)     |
| Balance, December 31, 2024   | \$ 185,579     | \$ 4,568,489   | \$ 382,703       | \$ 5,136,771 |
| Acquired                     | -              | 217,345        | -                | 217,345      |
| Foreign exchange translation | -              | 36,608         | -                | 36,608       |
| Balance, December 31, 2025   | \$ 185,579     | \$ 4,822,442   | \$ 382,703       | \$ 5,390,724 |

Management assessed the exploration and evaluation assets for indicators of impairment in accordance with IFRS 6, Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. Based on this assessment, management did not identify any facts or circumstances that would indicate that the carrying amounts of exploration and evaluation assets may exceed their recoverable amounts as at those dates.

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**5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS** (cont'd...)

**Exploration Expenditures**

The Company expended the following exploration and evaluation expenditures on the Tahami Project:

| <b>For the year ended December 31, 2025</b> | Berrio Project | Tahami Project      | Maitamac Project | Total               |
|---|----------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Consulting                                  | - \$           | 451,009             | - \$             | 451,009             |
| Community                                   | -              | 205,288             | -                | 205,288             |
| Database                                    | -              | 134,553             | -                | 134,553             |
| Field expenditures                          | 10,967         | 369,447             | -                | 380,414             |
| Drilling                                    | 185            | 1,361,746           | -                | 1,361,931           |
| Geological                                  | -              | 520,853             | -                | 520,853             |
| Input taxes                                 | -              | 147,226             | -                | 147,226             |
| Insurance                                   | -              | 6,498               | -                | 6,498               |
| Labour                                      | -              | 671,327             | -                | 671,327             |
| Permitting                                  | -              | 66,643              | -                | 66,643              |
| Professional fees                           | 1,072          | 79,668              | 308              | 81,048              |
| Travel and transport                        | -              | 164,313             | -                | 164,313             |
| <b>Total expenditures for the year</b>      | <b>12,224</b>  | <b>\$ 4,178,571</b> | <b>308</b>       | <b>\$ 4,191,103</b> |

| <b>For the year ended December 31, 2024</b> | Berrio Project | Tahami Project    | Total             |
|---|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Consulting                                  | \$ -           | \$ 121,017        | \$ 121,017        |
| Database                                    | -              | 8,471             | 8,471             |
| Field expenditures                          | 72             | 8,373             | 8,445             |
| Geological                                  | -              | 372,139           | 372,139           |
| Labour                                      | -              | 209,115           | 209,115           |
| Materials                                   | -              | 22,524            | 22,524            |
| Shipping                                    | -              | 16,131            | 16,131            |
| Travel                                      | -              | 38,839            | 38,839            |
| <b>Total expenditures for the year</b>      | <b>\$ 72</b>   | <b>\$ 796,609</b> | <b>\$ 796,681</b> |

**6. LOANS PAYABLE**

In the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company borrowed:

- \$75,050 from the CFO of the Company, accruing interest at a rate of 12% per annum. The Company repaid the balance and accrued interest in the amount of \$76,628 in the year.
- \$60,000 from various third parties, accruing interest at a rate of 12% per annum. These balances were settled with equity in the year ended December 31, 2025 (Note 8).
- \$55,000 from various third parties, accruing interest at a rate of 12% per annum. The Company repaid the balance and accrued interest in the amount of \$55,850 in the year.

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**6. LOANS PAYABLE** (*cont'd...*)

In the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company borrowed:

- d) \$39,500 from the CFO of the Company, accruing interest at a rate of 12% per annum and maturing on December 31, 2024. The Company settled \$10,224 with the issuance of common share units and repaid the balance of \$77,341 (Note 8).
- e) \$140,000 from an unrelated party, accruing interest at a rate of 12% per annum and maturing on April 30, 2024. In the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company settled the balance of \$145,168 with the issuance of common shares units (Note 8).
- f) \$193,448 from the CEO of the Company, accruing interest at a rate of 12% per annum and maturing on December 31, 2024. In the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company settled the loan and accrued interest in the amount of \$198,809 with the issuance of common shares units (Note 8).
- g) \$27,000 from a director of the Company, accruing interest at a rate of 12% per annum and maturing on December 31, 2024. The Company settled half the outstanding balance equal to \$13,868 with the issuance of common share units (Note 8). The balance was repaid in the year ended December 31, 2025.
- h) \$80,000 from various third parties, accruing interest at a rate of 12% per annum and maturing on December 31, 2024. These loans and accrued interest were repaid in the year ended December 31, 2024.

The loans are unsecured.

A summary of the movements of the loans payable is as follows:

| <b>Loans payable</b>                           | December 31,<br>2025 | December 31,<br>2024 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Balance, beginning of the year                 | \$ 14,889            | \$ 40,309            |
| Interest accrued                               | 3,840                | 22,319               |
| Funds repaid                                   | (148,170)            | (159,618)            |
| Loans settled with common share units (Note 8) | (60,609)             | (368,069)            |
| Funds received as loans                        | 190,050              | 479,948              |
| Balance, end of year                           | \$ -                 | \$ 14,889            |

**7. CONVERTIBLE LOANS PAYABLE**

In the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company entered into a convertible loan facility for total proceeds of \$280,000 with a director of the Company (“Loan Facility”). The convertible loans accrued interest at a rate of 10% per annum and were convertible into common shares, along with accrued interest, at the option of the holder at a conversion price of \$0.50 per common share. The Company received funds of \$135,000 on May 11, 2023, and a further \$145,000 on June 9, 2023. The convertible loans mature two years from the date of issuance.

After valuing the financial liability component of the convertible debentures, a residual value was assigned to the conversion feature. The Company considered the market interest rate for comparable entities and instruments in the market. The Company has estimated that comparable instruments would bear an interest rate of 18%.

In September 2023, the Company repaid \$150,000 to the lender against principal of the convertible loans. On November 28, 2023, the lender and Company agreed to the cancellation of the bonus warrants from which point the amounts accrue interest at a rate of 12% of annum.

In December 2023, the Company borrowed an additional \$100,000 accruing interest at a rate of 12%. All balances mature two years from the date of the first issuance under the facility on May 9, 2025.

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**7. CONVERTIBLE LOANS PAYABLE** (*cont'd...*)

In the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company issued 273,574 common share units in settlement of \$115,000 in principal and \$13,215 of accrued interest. A loss on settlement of \$16,801 was recognized. In the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company repaid the balance of the convertible debentures and accrued interest.

A summary of the movements of the convertible debentures is as follows:

| <b>Convertible debentures</b>                            | December 31,<br>2025 | December 31,<br>2024 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Balance, beginning of year                               | \$ 124,565           | \$ 208,381           |
| Accretion expense  | 3,252                | 8,623                |
| Interest accrued   | 16,490               | 18,975               |
| Funds repaid   | (144,307)            | -                    |
| Settled with the issuance of common share units (Note 8) | -                    | (111,414)            |
| Balance, end of year                                     | \$ -                 | \$ 124,565           |

**8. SHARE CAPITAL**

a) Authorized share capital

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

b) Issued share capital

*Year ended December 31, 2025*

In the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company:

- a) Completed a tranche private placement of 5,770,799 units of the Company (“Units”), at a price of \$0.30 per Unit, for aggregate value of \$1,731,240, inclusive of both traditional private placement funds and shares for debt/previous services.
- a. 5,283,788 Units were issued for cash for gross proceeds of \$1,585,136;
  - b. 217,011 Units were issued in settlement of debts (Note 6); and
  - c. 270,000 Units were issued for prepaid services.

Each Unit was composed of one common share of the Company and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable to purchase one additional common share for a period of two years from the date of closing of the private placement at an exercise price of \$0.40 per warrant.

The Company paid a finders’ fees of \$63,800 and issued 212,666 finder’s warrants, which have a two-year term from closing and an exercise price of \$0.40. The finder’s warrants were valued at \$0.20 per warrant for a total value of \$43,370. The Company incurred other share issue costs of \$15,761.

- b) Entered into a drilling agreement, agreeing to compensate contractors entirely in equity through the issuance of 3,994,934 Units at \$0.30, each consisting of one common share and one warrant exercisable at \$0.40 for two years. The drilling units are held in escrow with Olympia Trust Company. As at December 31, 2025, 1,198,480 Units had been released from escrow and the value of \$253,207 is included in prepaid expenses.

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**8. SHARE CAPITAL** (*cont'd...*)

*Year ended December 31, 2025 (cont'd...)*

- c) Completed a non-brokered private placement of 11,438,768 units at a price of \$0.35 per unit (“July Units”) for gross proceeds of \$4,003,569. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one warrant. Each warrant is exercisable at a price of \$0.60 for a period of 3 years, expiring on July 4, 2028.

The Company paid cash commissions of \$16,800, incurred other share issuance costs of \$12,421 and issued 48,000 broker warrants valued at \$13,262 using the following Black-Scholes assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 2.69%, volatility of 119.8% and expected life of 3 years.

- d) Issued 86,531 July Units at a value of \$0.35 per unit valued at \$30,286 in settlement of amounts outstanding.
- e) On November 4, 2025, completed a “bought deal” private placement of 20,585,000 Listed Issuer Financing Exemption Units (the “LIFE Units”) for gross proceeds of \$14,409,500 at a price of \$0.70 per Life Unit.

Each Life Unit consisted of one common share and one half warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable at a price of \$1.00 for a period of 36 months following the closing date. The warrants were assigned a residual value of \$0.12 per warrant for a total of \$2,470,200.

The Company paid a cash commission equal to \$722,770, a finder fee of \$59,976, and incurred other share issue costs of \$589,644. The Company issued 1,118,208 broker warrants which entitle are exercisable at a price of \$0.70 until November 4, 2028. The broker warrants were valued at \$446,658 using the following Black-Scholes assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 2.43%, volatility of 121.1% and expected life of 3 years.

*Year ended December 31, 2024*

In the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company:

- a) Issued 7,785 common shares at a price of \$0.44 per common share valued at \$3,425 in settlement of services rendered.
- b) Issued 1,057,140 common share units consisting of one common share and one-half common share purchase warrant to settle liabilities totalling \$528,570. Each whole unit warrant is exercisable for a period of one year at an exercise price of \$0.75. Amounts settled included \$150,000 in accounts payable, \$250,355 of loan principal and accrued interest (Note 6) and \$128,215 of convertible debentures (Note 7).
- c) Issued 1,425,000 common share units consisting of one common share and one-half common share purchase warrant at a price of \$0.50 per unit for gross proceeds of \$712,500. Each whole unit warrant is exercisable for a period of one year at an exercise price of \$0.75.
- d) Issued 274,000 common shares valued at \$0.50 pursuant to the acquisition of mineral property concessions (Note 5).
- e) Completed a tranche private placement of 696,548 units of the Company, at a price of \$0.50 per unit, for aggregate value of \$348,274. Of the private placement, \$144,850 was received in cash proceeds and \$203,424 was issued as shares for services. Each unit was composed of one common share and one-half share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable for a period of one year at an exercise price of \$0.75 per warrant. The warrants were assigned a residual value of \$80,103 or \$0.23 per whole warrant. The Company paid a finder’s fee of 43,680 finder’s warrants, which have a one-year term from closing and an exercise price of \$0.75. The finder’s warrants were valued at \$0.23 per warrant for a total value of \$10,046.

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**8. SHARE CAPITAL** *(cont'd...)*

*Year ended December 31, 2024 (cont'd...)*

- f) Issued 3,536,600 units at a price of \$0.30 per unit for aggregate value of \$1,060,980. Each unit was composed of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable for a period of two years at an exercise price of \$0.40. The value of each share unit matched the share price on the grant date. Consequently, the value of the entire unit price was assigned to the shares, leaving no residual value for the warrants.
- a. 2,708,331 units were issued for cash for gross proceeds of \$812,499;
  - b. 392,378 units were issued in settlement of debts (Note 6); and
  - c. 435,891 units were issued for services rendered.

**9. RESERVES**

*Securities Based Compensation Arrangements*

The Company has a long-term incentive plan (“LTIP”) in place that allows for the issuance of stock options, restricted share units, deferred share units, performance share units and stock appreciation rights not to exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares at each date of grant.

*Stock Options*

Stock option transactions are summarized as follows:

|  | Number of Options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Balance outstanding, December 31, 2023 | 150,000           | \$ 0.35                            |
| Granted                                | 1,500,000         | 0.40                               |
| Expired                                | <u>(100,000)</u>  | <u>0.35</u>                        |
| Balance outstanding, December 31, 2024 | 1,550,000         | \$ 0.40                            |
| Granted                                | 3,805,000         | 0.56                               |
| Forfeit                                | (287,500)         | 0.58                               |
| Exercised                              | <u>(712,500)</u>  | <u>0.40</u>                        |
| Balance outstanding, December 31, 2025 | 4,355,000         | \$ 0.52                            |
| Balance exercisable, December 31, 2025 | <u>4,355,000</u>  | <u>\$ 0.52</u>                     |

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**9. RESERVES** (*cont'd...*)

Stock options outstanding as at December 31, 2025:

|                | Number<br>outstanding | Number<br>exercisable | Exercise<br>price | Expiry date       |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Options</b> | 400,000               | 400,000               | \$ 0.40           | October 26, 2026  |
|                | 300,000               | 300,000               | 0.40              | November 18, 2026 |
|                | 900,000               | 900,000               | 0.40              | February 28, 2027 |
|                | 1,655,000             | 1,655,000             | 0.50              | July 4, 2028      |
|                | 300,000               | 300,000               | 0.74              | September 4, 2027 |
|                | <u>800,000</u>        | <u>800,000</u>        | 0.74              | September 4, 2028 |
|                | 4,355,000             | 4,355,000             |                   |                   |

As at December 31, 2025, the outstanding stock options had a weighted average remaining life of 1.94 years (2024 – 1.82) years.

*Restricted Share Units*

|  | Number of RSUs   | Weighted Average<br>Grant Date Price |
|--|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Balance outstanding, December 31, 2023 | 214,285          | \$ 0.35                              |
| Granted                                | 1,550,000        | 0.32                                 |
| Forfeit                                | <u>(214,285)</u> | <u>0.35</u>                          |
| Balance outstanding, December 31, 2024 | 1,550,000        | 0.32                                 |
| Granted                                | 3,091,250        | 0.48                                 |
| Exercised                              | (1,961,250)      | 0.35                                 |
| Forfeit                                | <u>(250,000)</u> | <u>0.33</u>                          |
| Balance outstanding, December 31, 2025 | 3,044,034        | \$ 0.51                              |
| Balance vested, December 31, 2025      | 525,000          | \$ 0.70                              |

*Share-based payments*

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company granted 3,805,000 (2024 – 1,550,000) stock options with a weighted average fair value of \$0.35 (2024 - \$0.07) per option. The Company recognized share-based payments expense of \$1,500,182 (2024 - \$146,161) for options granted and vesting during the year ended December 31, 2025

Share-based payments expense with respect to stock options is estimated using the following assumptions: The expected volatility assumption was determined through the comparison of historical share price volatility. The risk-free interest rate assumption is based on yield curves on Canadian government zero-coupon bonds with a remaining term equal to the stock options' expected life. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercise, forfeiture and employee termination within the valuation model. The Company has not paid and does not anticipate paying dividends on its common shares.

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**9. RESERVES** (cont'd...)

*Share-based payments (cont'd...)*

The following weighted average assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes option-pricing model valuation of stock options vesting during the year:

|                                | For the year ended<br>December 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Share price                    | \$ 0.55                                 | \$ 0.32                                 |
| Risk-free interest rate        | 2.64%                                   | 3.15%                                   |
| Expected life of options       | 2.68 years                              | 2 years                                 |
| Expected annualized volatility | 125.4%                                  | 134.6%                                  |
| Dividend rate                  | 0%                                      | 0%                                      |
| Forfeiture rate                | -                                       | -                                       |

As the performance conditions of the RSU granted were not market-related, the fair value per RSU used to calculate compensation expense for the RSU granted is determined to be equal to the market price on the date of grant as determined by recent subscription prices for the Company's common shares paid by third parties. The Company recognized share-based payments expense with respect to RSUs granted and vesting of \$1,457,940 (2024 - \$331,181) in the year ended December 31, 2025.

*Warrants*

|  | Number of<br>Options | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise Price |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balance outstanding, December 31, 2023 | 42,440               | \$ 0.35                               |
| Granted                                | 5,169,624            | 0.51                                  |
| Cancelled                              | <u>(42,440)</u>      | 0.35                                  |
| Balance outstanding, December 31, 2024 | 5,169,624            | 0.51                                  |
| Granted                                | 32,962,406           | 0.67                                  |
| Expired                                | (43,680)             | 0.75                                  |
| Exercised                              | <u>(1,809,464)</u>   | 0.40                                  |
| Balance outstanding, December 31, 2025 | 36,278,886           | \$ 0.66                               |
| Balance exercisable, December 31, 2025 | 33,482,432           | \$ 0.68                               |

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**9. RESERVES** (cont'd...)

Warrants outstanding as at December 31, 2025:

|                 | Number<br>outstanding    | Number<br>exercisable | Exercise<br>price | Expiry date       |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Warrants</b> | 1,221,070 <sup>(1)</sup> | 1,221,070             | \$ 0.75           | June 5, 2026      |
|                 | 348,274 <sup>(2)</sup>   | 348,274               | 0.75              | November 1, 2026  |
|                 | 781,602                  | 781,602               | 0.40              | December 11, 2026 |
|                 | 1,888,332                | 1,888,332             | 0.40              | December 20, 2026 |
|                 | 2,715,801                | 2,715,801             | 0.40              | February 14, 2027 |
|                 | 209,866                  | 209,866               | 0.40              | February 14, 2027 |
|                 | 2,135,000                | 2,135,000             | 0.40              | February 26, 2027 |
|                 | 3,994,934                | 1,198,480             | 0.40              | March 14, 2027    |
|                 | 11,525,299               | 11,525,299            | 0.60              | July 4, 2028      |
|                 | 48,000                   | 48,000                | 0.60              | July 4, 2028      |
|                 | 10,292,500               | 10,292,500            | 1.00              | November 4, 2028  |
|                 | 1,118,208                | 1,118,208             | 0.70              | November 4, 2028  |
|                 | <u>36,278,886</u>        | <u>33,482,432</u>     |                   |                   |

(1) Extended from June 5, 2025 to June 5, 2026 in the year.

(2) Extended from November 1, 2025 to November 1, 2026 in the year.

As at December 31, 2025, the outstanding warrants had a weighted average remaining life of 2.08 years (2024 – 1.51 years).

**10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Key management personnel include the President, Chief Financial Officer, VP Exploration and Directors of the Company. The remuneration of the key management personnel is as follows:

| <b>Payments to key management personnel</b> | For the year ended<br>December 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>December 31, 2024 |
|---|---|---|
| Consulting fees                             | \$ 891,668                              | \$ 368,000                              |
| Geological fees                             | 167,969                                 | -                                       |
| Accounting fees                             | 157,700                                 | 60,000                                  |

The convertible debentures were due to a former director of the company (Note 7). In the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company settled \$150,000 of accounts payable, \$222,901 of loans payable and \$128,215 of convertible debentures with related parties with common share units (Note 7). In the year ended December 31, 2025, the balance of the convertible debentures were repaid (Note 7).

As at December 31, 2025, accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$82,127 (2024 - \$48,859) was due to related parties.

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**11. INCOME TAXES**

Income tax expense differs from the amount that would be computed by applying the Canadian statutory income tax rate of 23% to income before income taxes. The reasons for the differences are as follows:

|                                    | For the year ended<br>December 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>December 31, 2024 |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Income before income tax           | \$ (10,178,101)                         | \$ (2,982,954)                          |
| Statutory income tax rate          | <u>23%</u>                              | <u>23%</u>                              |
| Expected income tax recovery       | \$ (2,340,963)                          | \$ (686,079)                            |
| Permanent differences              | 688,534                                 | 116,787                                 |
| Changes in benefits not recognized | <u>1,652,429</u>                        | <u>569,292</u>                          |
| Income tax expense (recovery)      | <u>\$ -</u>                             | <u>\$ -</u>                             |

The Company recognizes tax benefits on losses or other deductible amounts where the probable criteria for the recognition of deferred tax assets has been met. The Company's unrecognized deductible temporary differences consists of unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognized.

|   | December 31,<br>2025 | December 31,<br>2024 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Canada</b>                                 |                      |                      |
| Non-capital losses                            | \$ 7,376,476         | \$ 3,929,850         |
| Share issue costs                             | 1,587,570            | 27,520               |
| Foreign Exploration and Development Expenses  | 1,777,991            | -                    |
| <b>Colombia</b>                               |                      |                      |
| Property and equipment                        | 5,128                |                      |
| Non-capital losses                            | <u>3,288,975</u>     | <u>870,948</u>       |
| Unrecognized deductible temporary differences | <u>\$ 14,036,140</u> | <u>\$ 4,828,318</u>  |

As at December 31, 2025, the Company has Canadian non-capital losses of \$7,376,476 (2024 - \$3,929,850) that may be applied to reduce future taxable income. If these losses are not used to offset future income, they will expire through the year ended December 31, 2045. Losses in Colombia expire within 12 years

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**12. FINANCE AND OTHER EXPENSE**

| <b>Finance expense</b>                       | For the year ended<br>December 31, 2025 | For the year ended<br>December 31, 2024 |
|--|---|---|
| Accretion of equity feature (Note 7)         | \$ 3,252                                | \$ 8,623                                |
| Coupon interest on convertible debt (Note 7) | 16,490                                  | 18,975                                  |
| Interest on accounts payable                 | 653                                     | 13,952                                  |
| Coupon interest on loans (Note 6)            | 3,841                                   | 22,319                                  |
| Total finance expense for the year           | \$ 24,236                               | \$ 63,869                               |

**Other loss**

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company recognized a loss of \$187,988 arising from a business email compromise involving phishing by a third party. The matter remains under investigation and the Company is pursuing available recovery options. No recovery has been recognized as at December 31, 2025.

**13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT**

**Financial instruments**

Cash, accounts receivables, accounts payable and loans payable are carried at amortized cost. The Company considers that the carrying amount of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable measured at amortized cost to approximate their fair value due to the short-term nature of the financial instruments.

**Financial risk factors**

*Credit risk*

The Company is exposed to credit risk relative to the liquidity of cash, amounting to \$12,443,437 at December 31, 2025 (2024 – \$47,354). As the Company’s policy is to limit cash holdings to instruments issued by major Canadian banks, the credit risk is considered by management to be negligible. As at December 31, 2025, the Company had an immaterial amount of cash balances in Colombia.

*Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to pay financial instrument liabilities as they come due. As at December 31, 2025, the Company had working capital of \$12,554,537 (2024 – deficiency of \$587,203). The Company’s financial obligations include accounts payable and loans payable, which have contractual maturities of less than a year.

*Interest rate risk*

The Company’s financial asset exposed to interest rate risk consists of cash. At December 31, 2025, the Company maintained all of its cash balance on deposit with a major Canadian bank with no expectation of interest rate returns or impact. Interest-bearing debts are at fixed rates with the financial impact known at the time of execution.

*Foreign currency risk*

The Company operates in Colombia and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from transactions denominated in the Colombian peso (“COP\$”). The Company’s financial assets and liabilities are held in COP\$ and are therefore subject to fluctuation against the Canadian dollar, its reporting currency. The Company has no program in place for hedging foreign currency risk.

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**14. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Company's capital management objective is to maintain financial capacity that is strong to sustain the future development of the business.

The Company's capital structure includes shareholders' equity of \$18,185,203 (2024 – \$4,549,568). The Company manages its capital structure to maximize its financial flexibility to adjust to changes in economic conditions. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

There were no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended December 31, 2025.

**15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent to December 31, 2025, the Company granted 1,025,000 RSUs to directors and consultants of the Company which vest over the period of one year and expire in 3 years. The Company granted 200,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.45 for a period of 3 years and 100,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.40 for a period of 3 years.